ORAL HEALTH CHECKLIST (TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS AT BIRTH, AGES 6 MONTHS, 1, 2 & 3 YEARS)

Tooth decay can cause a lot of pain and discomfort to your child. Good oral hygiene habits can prevent and reduce tooth decay.

Please answer the following and tick "YES" / "NO". ALL FIELDS SHOULD BE COMPLETED.		For Parents	
1.	At Birth	Yes	No
	 I clean my child's gums and tongue at least twice a day with a clean, moist cloth wrapped around my index finger. 		
2.	From approximately 6 months (when the first tooth emerges)		
	 I brush my child's teeth at least twice a day (once in the morning and once before bed) using a soft bristled children's toothbrush. 		
	 I fill my child's milk bottle with only milk/water and not any other sweetened drinks (e.g. juices, honey, or soft drinks). 		
3.	From Ages 1 & 2		
	 I floss and brush my child's teeth at least twice a day (once in the morning and once before bed, after last milk feed)*. 		
	• I have attempted to wean my child off the milk bottle and switch to a cup.		
	 I limit the amount and frequency of sweetened beverages and foods my child consumes. 		
	 I do not allow my child to fall asleep with a milk bottle containing formula milk or sugary drinks as that can cause tooth decay. 		
	When my child wakes up at night for milk, I either give water, dilute the milk in a milk bottle or try other means to soothe my child back to sleep. Frequent or prolonged exposure to sugary drinks (e.g. formula milk) will lead to dental decay.		
	 I regularly lift my child's upper lip to check for white or brown spots on his/her teeth, which may indicate dental decay. 		
	• When I see possible signs of decay, I make an appointment with a dentist immediately.		
	I have brought my child for his/her first dental check by age 1.		
4.	From Age 3		
	 I floss and brush my child's teeth with a pea-sized amount of toothpaste with at least 1000ppm fluoride (F) twice a day. I ensure that my child does not swallow the toothpaste. 		
	I ensure that my child limits sugar intake.		
	I bring my child for regular dental check-ups.		

^{*} Due to the concern for dental fluorosis, the recommendation for use of a smear amount (size of a rice grain) of 1000ppm fluoride (F) toothpaste for children < 3 years old should be limited to those at high-risk for dental caries. At the first dental visit, the dentist can determine the caries risk and make the appropriate recommendation for toothpaste use.